provides automatic grinding and mixing of raw powders to high levels of uniformity and purity (99.999%) using dual crossing arms which rotate in opposite directions from a rotating mortar. Advice Received From: The National Institute of Standards and Technology, March 29, 1995.

The National Institutes of Health and The National Institute of Standards and Technology advise that (1) the capabilities of each of the foreign instruments described above are pertinent to each applicant's intended purpose and (2) they know of no domestic instrument or apparatus of equivalent scientific value for the intended use of each instrument.

We know of no other instrument or apparatus being manufactured in the United States which is of equivalent scientific value to any of the foreign instruments.

Frank W. Creel,

Director, Statutory Import Programs Staff.

[FR Doc. 95-10525 Filed 4-27-95; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-DS-F

## COMMITTEE FOR THE IMPLEMENTATION OF TEXTILE AGREEMENTS

Announcement of Import Restraint Limits for Certain Cotton, Wool, Man-Made Fiber, Silk Blend and Other Vegetable Fiber Textiles and Textile Products Produced or Manufactured in Romania

April 24, 1995.

**AGENCY:** Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements (CITA).

**ACTION:** Issuing a directive to the Commissioner of Customs establishing limits.

EFFECTIVE DATE: May 2, 1995.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Anne Novak, International Trade Specialist, Office of Textiles and Apparel, U.S. Department of Commerce, (202) 482–4212. For information on the quota status of these limits, refer to the Quota Status Reports posted on the bulletin boards of each Customs port or call (202) 927–5850. For information on embargoes and quota re-openings, call

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

(202) 482-3715.

Authority: Executive Order 11651 of March 3, 1972, as amended; section 204 of the Agricultural Act of 1956, as amended (7 U.S.C. 1854).

The Bilateral Textile and Apparel Agreement of December 20, 1994 between the Governments of the United States and Romania establishes limits for the period beginning on January 1, 1995 and extending through December 31, 1995.

A description of the textile and apparel categories in terms of HTS numbers is available in the CORRELATION: Textile and Apparel Categories with the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (see Federal Register notice 59 FR 65531, published on December 20, 1994).

The letter to the Commissioner of Customs and the actions taken pursuant to it are not designed to implement all of the provisions of the bilateral agreement, but are designed to assist only in the implementation of certain of their provisions.

Rita D. Hyaes,

Chairman, Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements.

Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements

April 24, 1995.

Commissioner of Customs,

Department of the Treasury, Washington, DC 20229

Dear Commissioner: Effective on May 2, 1995, you are directed to no longer count imports of textile products in Categories 410, 414, 464, 465, 469, 611, 613–615, 617–622, 624–629, 665, 666, 669 and 670, produced or manufactured in Romania and exported during the period beginning on January 1, 1995 and extending through December 31, 1995 (see directive dated November 29, 1994).

Under the terms of section 204 of the Agricultural Act of 1956, as amended (7 U.S.C. 1854); pursuant to the Bilateral Textile and Apparel Agreement of December 20, 1994 between the Governments of the United States and Romania: and in accordance with the provisions of Executive Order 11651 of March 3, 1972, as amended, you are directed to prohibit, effective on May 2, 1995, entry into the United States for consumption and withdrawal from warehouse for consumption of cotton, wool, man-made fiber, silk blend and other vegetable fiber textiles and textile products in the following categories, produced or manufactured in Romania and exported during the twelve-month period beginning on January 1, 1995 and extending

through December 31, 1995, in excess of the following limits:

Category	Twelve-month restraint limit 1
Cotton Group 200, 201, 218–220, 222–227, 229, 237, 239, 300, 301, 313–315, 317, 326, 330– 342, 345, 347– 354, 359–363, 369, 800, 810, 831–836, 838– 840, 842–847, 850–852, 858, 859, 863, 870, 871 and 899, as a group. Sublevels in Cotton Group	54,060,737 square meters equivalent.
33/833	2,847,370 square meters. 112,772 dozen. 272,582 dozen. 142,845 dozen. 616,488 dozen. 269,092 dozen. 112,772 dozen. 481,162 dozen. 1,590,000 numbers. 1,060,000 numbers. 53,000 dozen. 60,367,521 square meters equivalent.
Sublevels in Group III 433/434 435 442 443 444 447/448 638/639 Level not in a group 604	7,156 dozen. 7,575 dozen. 11,110 dozen. 104,237 numbers. 40,400 numbers. 20,200 dozen. 545,150 dozen. 1,580,516 kilograms.

<sup>1</sup>The limits have not been adjusted to account for any imports exported after December 31, 1994.

Imports charged to these category limits for the period January 1, 1994 through December 31, 1994, shall be charged against those levels of restraint to the extent of any unfilled balances. In the event the limits established for that period have been exhausted by previous entries, such goods shall be subject to the levels set forth in this directive.

The conversion factors for the following merged categories are listed below:

Category	Conversion factor (square meters equivalent/category unit)
341/840	12.1 35.2 12.96

In carrying out the above directions, the Commissioner of Customs should construe

entry into the United States for consumption to include entry for consumption into the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico.

The Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements has determined that these actions fall within the foreign affairs exception of the rulemaking provisions of 5 U.S.C. 553(a)(1).

Sincerely,

Rita D. Hayes,

Chairman, Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements.

[FR Doc. 95-10473 Filed 4-27-95; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-DR-F

# Adjustment of Import Limits for Certain Cotton and Man-Made Fiber Textile Products Produced or Manufactured in Taiwan

April 24, 1995.

**AGENCY:** Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements (CITA).

**ACTION:** Issuing a directive to the Commissioner of Customs reducing limits.

EFFECTIVE DATE: May 2, 1995.

#### FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Jennifer Aldrich, International Trade Specialist, Office of Textiles and Apparel, U.S. Department of Commerce, (202) 482–4212. For information on the quota status of these limits, refer to the Quota Status Reports posted on the bulletin boards of each Customs port or call (202) 927–6719. For information on embargoes and quota re-openings, call (202) 482–3715.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Authority: Executive Order 11651 of March 3, 1972, as amended; section 204 of the Agricultural Act of 1956, as amended (7 U.S.C. 1854).

The current limits for certain categories are being reduced for carryforward used during 1994.

A description of the textile and apparel categories in terms of HTS numbers is available in the CORRELATION: Textile and Apparel Categories with the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (see Federal Register notice 59 FR 65531, published on December 20, 1994). Also see 59 FR 66297, published on December 23, 1994.

The letter to the Commissioner of Customs and the actions taken pursuant

to it are not designed to implement all of the provisions of the bilateral agreement, but are designed to assist only in the implementation of certain of its provisions.

Rita D. Hayes,

Chairman, Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements.

Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements

April 24, 1995.

Commissioner of Customs,

Department of the Treasury, Washington, DC 20229.

Dear Commissioner: This directive amends, but does not cancel, the directive issued to you on December 19, 1994, by the Chairman, Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements. That directive concerns imports of certain cotton, wool, man-made fiber, silk blend and other vegetable fiber textiles and textile products, produced or manufactured in Taiwan and exported during the twelve-month period which began on January 1, 1995 and extends through December 31, 1995.

Effective on May 2, 1995, you are directed to amend the December 19, 1994 directive to adjust the limits for the following categories, as provided under the terms of the current bilateral textile agreement concerning textile products from Taiwan:

Twelve-month limit <sup>1</sup>
1,053,278 dozen. 1,629,203 dozen of which not more than 935,644 dozen shall be in Categories 633/634 and not more than 850,077 dozen shall be in Category 635.
6,473,522 dozen.
340,166 dozen.

<sup>1</sup>The limits have not been adjusted to account for any imports exported after December 31, 1994.

The Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements has determined that these actions fall within the foreign affairs exception to the rulemaking provisions of 5 U.S.C. 553(a)(1).

Sincerely,

Rita D. Hayes,

Chairman, Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements.

[FR Doc. 95–10474 Filed 4–27–95; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-DR-F

#### COMMITTEE FOR PURCHASE FROM PEOPLE WHO ARE BLIND OR SEVERELY DISABLED

### Procurement List, Additions and Deletions

**AGENCY:** Committee for Purchase From People Who Are Blind or Severely Disabled.

**ACTION:** Additions to and Deletions from the Procurement List.

**SUMMARY:** This action adds to the Procurement List a commodity, military resale commodity and services to be furnished by nonprofit agencies employing persons who are blind or have other severe disabilities, and deletes from the Procurement List commodities and a service previously furnished by such agencies.

EFFECTIVE DATE: May 30, 1995.

ADDRESSES: Committee for Purchase From People Who Are Blind or Severely Disabled, Crystal Square 3, Suite 403, 1735 Jefferson Davis Highway, Arlington, Virginia 22202–3461.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Beverly Milkman (703) 603–7740.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On October 14, December 30, 1994, January 13 and March 10, 1995, the Committee for Purchase From People Who Are Blind or Severely Disabled published notices (59 FR 52145, 67703, FR 60 13122 and 3196) of proposed additions to and deletions from the Procurement List:

#### Additions

After consideration of the material presented to it concerning capability of qualified nonprofit agencies to provide the commodity, military resale commodity and services, fair market price, and impact of the additions on the current or most recent contractors, the Committee has determined that the commodity, military resale commodity and services listed below are suitable for procurement by the Federal Government under 41 U.S.C. 46–48c and 41 CFR 51–2.4.

I certify that the following action will not have a significant impact on a substantial number of small entities. The major factors considered for this certification were:

- 1. The action will not result in any additional reporting, recordkeeping or other compliance requirements for small entities other than the small organizations that will furnish the commodity, military resale commodity and services to the Government.
- 2. The action does not appear to have a severe economic impact on current